







#### 33rd Members' Meeting of the «Club of Bologna

## The future horizons for Ag-Mechanization

9-10 November 2024 Bologna, Italy

Moving towards the preservation and improvement of biodiversity in agricultural ecosystems

Gottlieb Basch, Emilio Jesús González-Sánchez & Julio Román-Vázquez (<u>abasch@ecaf.org</u>)

European Conservation Agriculture Federation (ECAF)

#### About the AUTHORS...



#### **Gottlieb Basch**

- Agronomist
- Full professor at the University of Évora (PT)
- Chair of ECAF



#### **Emilio Gonzalez**

- Agricultural engineer
- Associate professor at the University of Cordoba (ES)
- Secretary General of ECAF



#### Julio Roman

- Agricultural engineer
- Project manager of ECAF

#### ECAF – Who are we?



Federation of European National Associations promoting Conservation Agriculture

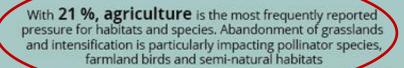
Non-Profit association founded in 1999

**Based in Brussels** 



## What causes biodiversity loss in Europe?





Invasive alien species such as the False Indigo-bush, particularly affect dunes and sclerophyllous scrubs as well as species such as breeding seabirds.

Forestry activities represent
11 % of all pressures, particularly
affecting forest habitats, and
woodland species.



#### Urbanisation and leisure activities

account for 13 % of all reported pressures, representing 48 % of all marine pressures.

#### The modification on water

regimes, physical alterations of water bodies and removal of sediments predominantly affect freshwater habitats and fish.

13 % of all presssures for birds stem from the exploitation of species, mainly relating to illegal killing and hunting. In Europe, the annual hunting bag amounts to at least 52 million birds.

Almost **50** % of all pressures related to **pollution** can be attributed to air, water and soil pollution caused by agriculture.

## Restoring our agricultural habitats





**33% of the world's soils** are degraded, with intensive agriculture being one of the main drivers.

**Biodiversity loss** in agricultural ecosystems is directly linked to the **degradation and loss of functions of agricultural soils.** 



The **future of agriculture** depends on how **effectively** this challenge can be addressed.

Estimated 81% of the EU's agricultural habitats being in poor condition.

Agricultural intensification

Landscape \_\_\_\_\_\_

Soil depletion

are compromising biodiversity conservation in these ecosystems.



#### What is needed to do so?



- **Extensification of Ag production?**
- Increase % of Ecological Focus Areas?
- Plant more hedge rows?
- Enlarge protected areas and nature reserves?
- Achieve the 25% of OF by 2030?

### But what about the consequences?



- Land productivity?
- Where and how to compensate for less production?
- EU contribution to global food security?
- Biodiversity restoration only on a small % of Ag land?
- Are the proposed solutions really effective?
- 30 ...

#### Need to mimic natural ES conditions while producing food





No one turns the soil upside-down

Soil is always covered

**Plant species diversity** 

## What is Conservation Agriculture (CA)?



#### **CA principles**

- Continuous no or minimum mechanical soil disturbance
- Permanent maintenance of a vegetative mulch cover on the soil surface
- 3 Species diversification

FAO: Conservation Agriculture is described as an ecosystem approach to sustainable regenerative agriculture based on the application of the three interrelated principles through context-specific and locally adapted practices.



#### **CA practices:**

Annual crops: no tillage, minimum soil disturbance strip seeding, crop residue retention at the soil surface, crop rotation/ diversification

Woody crops: *Groundcovers* (interrow space covered with spontaneous or sown vegetation and chopped pruning residues)

### What is Conservation Agriculture (CA)?





No-tillage



Groundcovers



Minimum mechanical soil disturbance (i.e. No-tillage) through direct seed and/or fertilizer placement





Species diversification through varied crop sequences and associations involving at least three different crops species



**Crop rotations / crop species diversification** 



**Cover crops and residues** 

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#### **Conservation Agriculture: The most feasible approach**





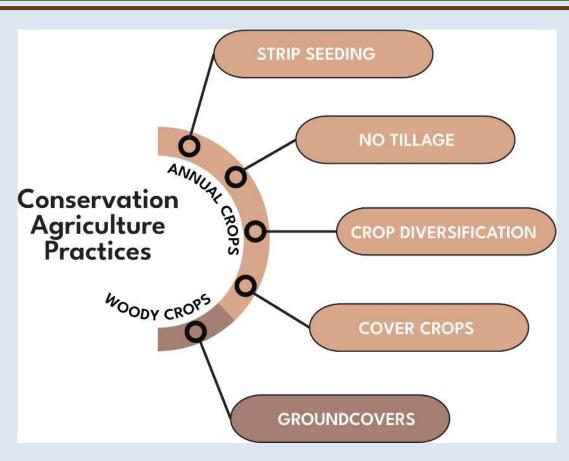
#### **Conservation Agriculture: The most feasible approach**











Source: Román-Vázquez J., Moreno-García, M., Repullo-Ruibérriz de Torres, M.A., Veroz-González O., Agüera-de Pablo Blanco, B., Kassam, A., Basch G., González-Sánchez, E.J. 2023.

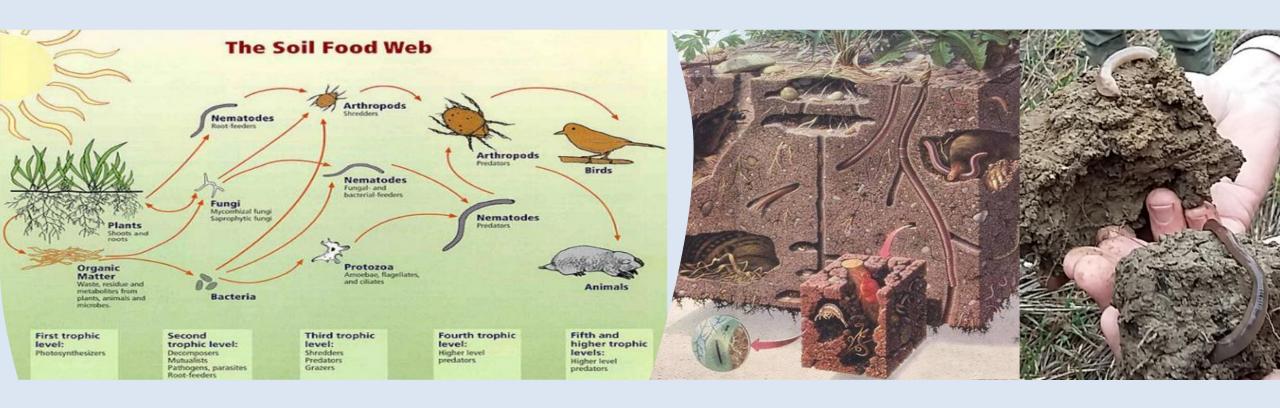
Conservation Agriculture: Moving towards the preservation and improvement of biodiversity in agricultural ecosystems. European Conservation Agriculture Federation (ECAF). Brussels, Belgium.





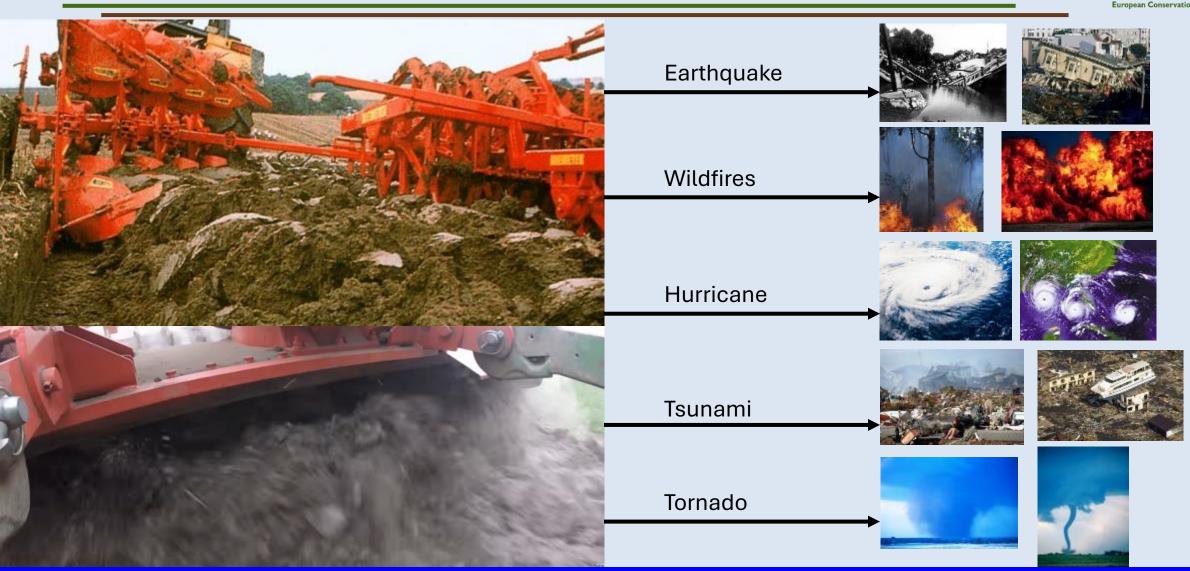
#### **Biodiversity: Below and above-ground**





## The root cause of biodiversity decline (turmoil of tillage)





#### CA and soil fauna?



## Contribution of Conservation Agriculture to the improvement of soil fauna biodiversity

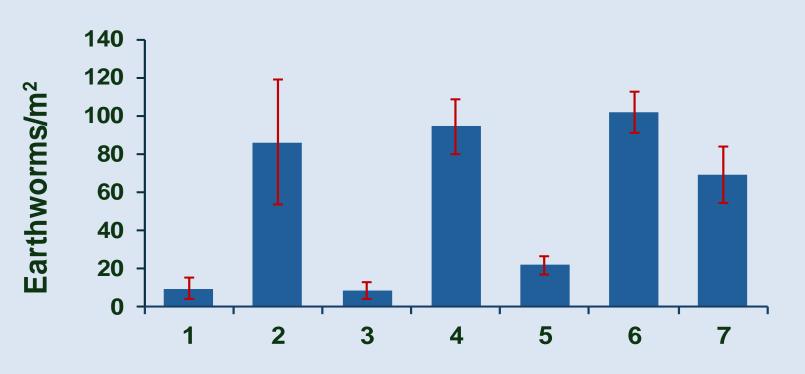






#### Earthworms as indicators for soil biodiversity...





(Jill Clapperton, 2012)

The number of earthworms per square metre in different crop rotations:

- organic minimum tillage rotations: 1, 3, 5
- no tillage low input rotations: 2, 4, 6
- continuous no till wheat rotation: 7

## **Enhancement of epigean fauna biodiversity**





ANTS
300%
CA practices

#### **Arthropods**

14,5% No tillage

16% Groundcovers



EARWIGS 10%

CA practices



**500% x3** 

CA practices

Groundcovers

**SPIDERS 60-300**%

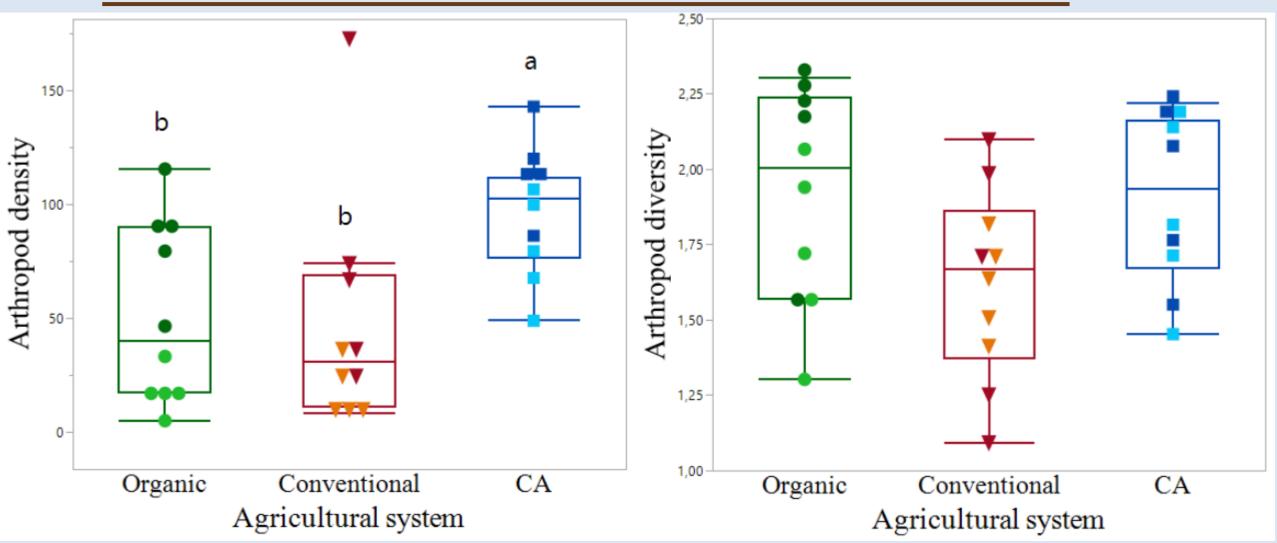
No tillage

#### **Reptiles**

x2,5
Groundcovers

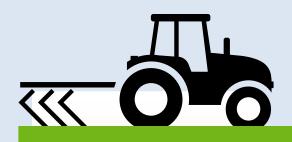
### **Arthropod density & diversity observed in Denmark**





## CA and quantity and variety of pollinating insects







# Disturbance of the soil surface

## Tillage-Based System

Reduce the occurrence of floral resources

>50%

Visits of pollinating individuals under CA

75%
Wild Bees



Nest in the ground

Decrease in larval emergence >50%

#### **CA** and small mammal biodiversity





Undisturbed soil, more above-ground biomass, and scattered fallen seeds, benefiting their populations.



Weed and worm infestation control

>>consumption of up to 64% of annual weed seed production



Maintain a pestpredator balance.

## **CA** and avifauna biodiversity





**Birds Population** 

Linked to agricultural ecosystems in Europe

29% >300%

Bird species diversity

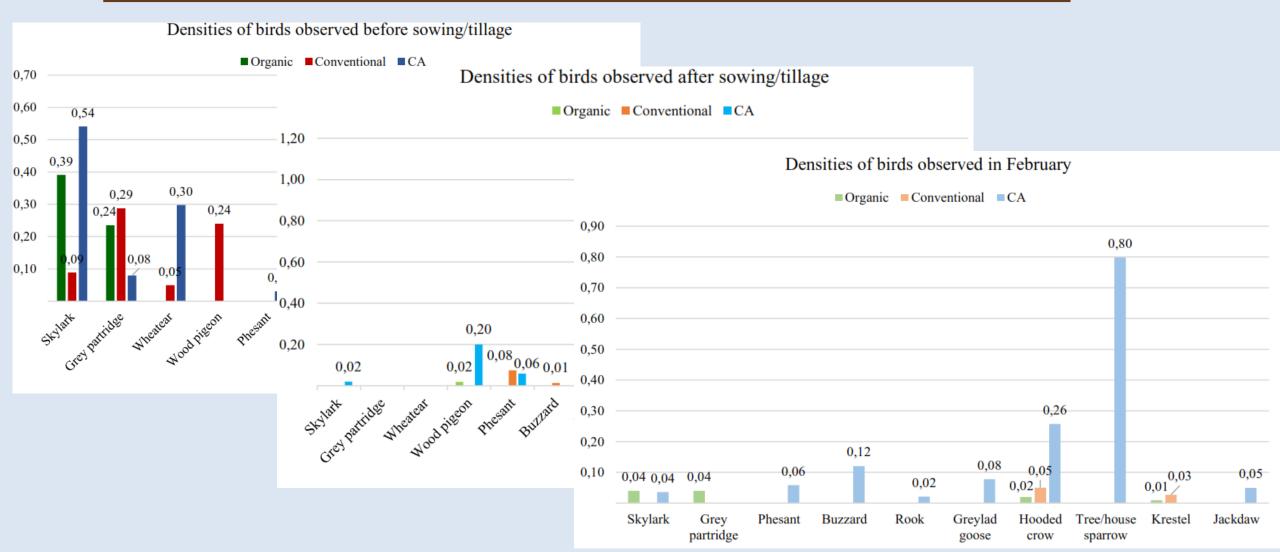
CA Managed Fields CA increase the occurrence and survival of nest



Ground-Nesting
Birds

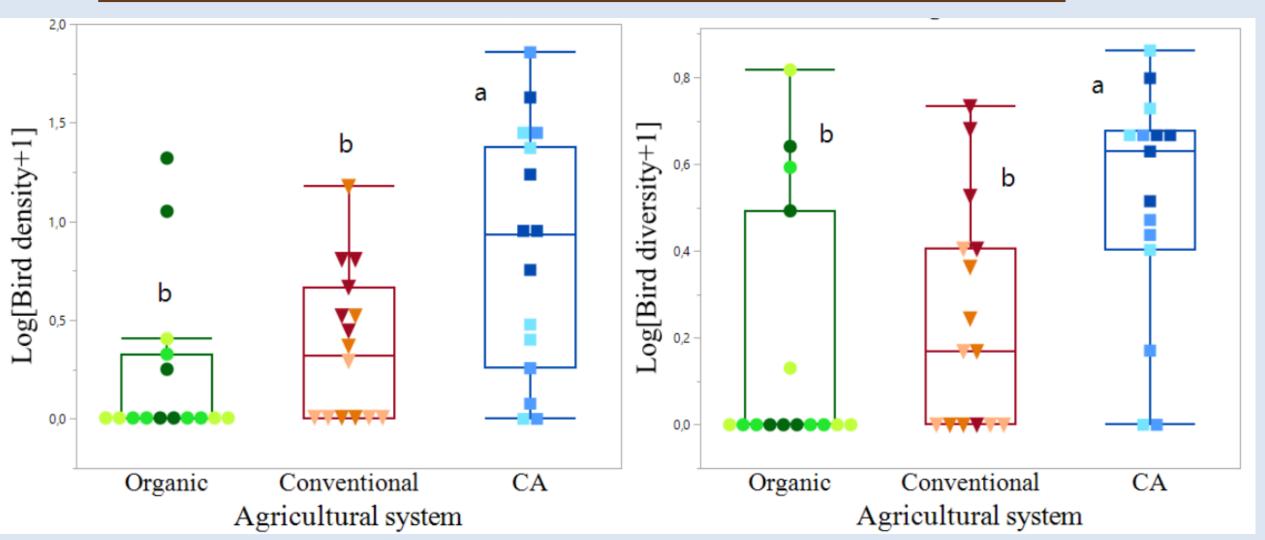
## Birds' density observed in Denmark





#### Bird density & diversity observed in Denmark





## No habitat...





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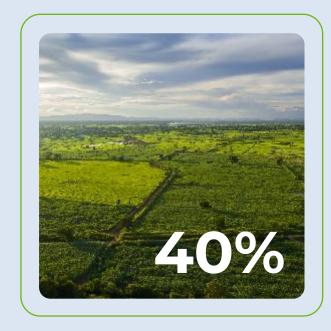
## No biodiversity...





#### Final remarks





Agricultural ecosystems cover about 40% of EU land



Farmers practicing Conservation Agriculture (CA) play a crucial role in achieving the European Green Deal objectives



CA a priority for the Common Agricultural Policy to ensure European agricultural sustainability and to improve biodiversity

### We need to boost CA in Europe to deliver ESS



