

AI in technical design - riding a bicyle –

The parent

- Explain the "how to", show
- Help and adjust
- Trust

The Kid

- Try, fail,
- improve, learn



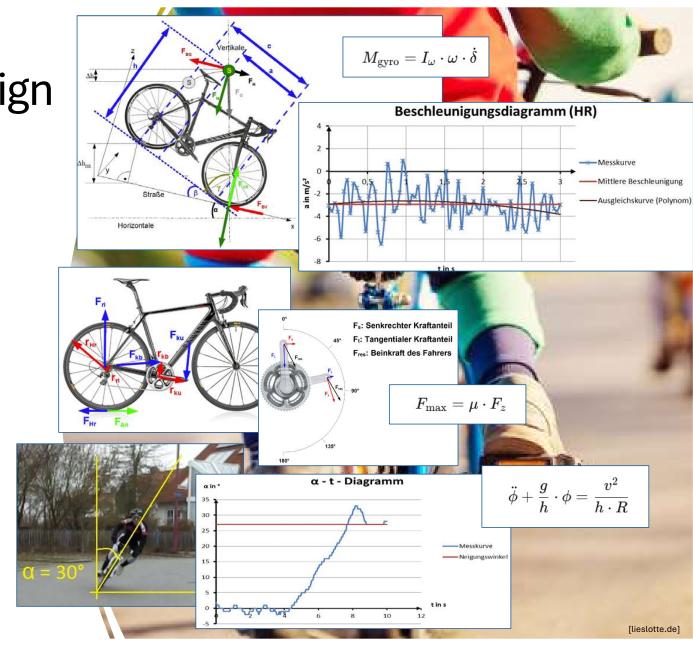
AI in technical design - riding a bicyle –

The Engineer

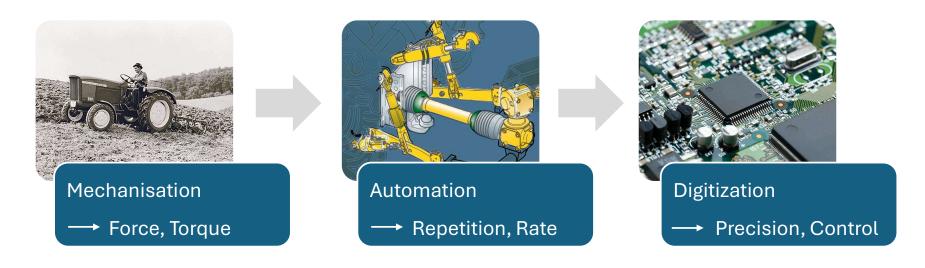
- · Model forces and inertia
- Measure velocities, accelerations, ratios
- Define equations
- · Calculate forces and stability criteria
- Validate model
- · Varify in real world scenario

The System

- Perfect in given scenario,
- Adoption to change??



Technologies in Agricultural Engineering



Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning may change paradigms in general



Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning - evolution of engineering

AI in Agriculture – already today

- Multiple domains use Al already
- Wide landscape of applications
 - Crops
 - Livestock
 - Post harvest
 - Management

What is AI realy doing – some examples

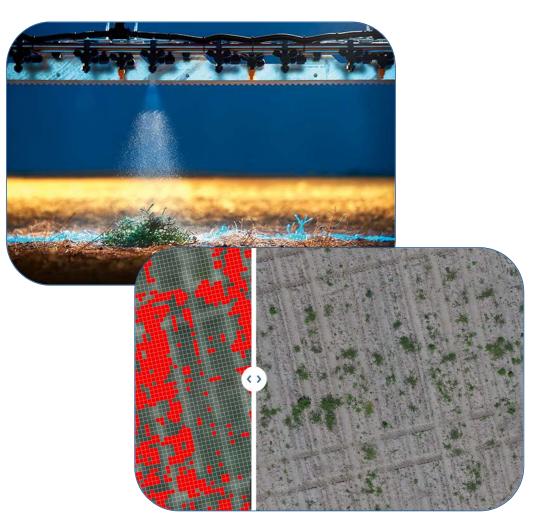


Example 1 | Precision Weeding Robot

Problem	Traditional Weeding: either labor intensive or with chemical usage
Solution	Robot covers field autonomous, detects plants and/or weeds, acts precisely
Benefits	Chemical's reduce, sustainabilty, automation of work
Limitation	Light and soil condition
	Training data is THE factor



Example 2 | Smart Spraying



Circumstances

• Use classic single nozzle control spray boom

Intelligence

Cameras image recognition; AI/ML weed OR crop detection

Setup

• Known traditional flow control on spray pumps

Limitation and

- Light and soil condition
- Training data is THE factor

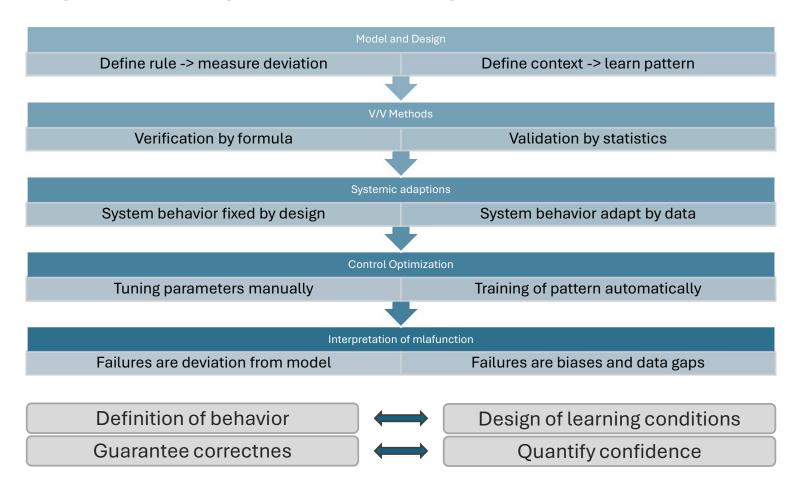
[Pix4D, o'connors]

Example 3 | Livestock Monitoring

Health changes are subtle
Early detection needed
Al tracks movement, activity, vocalization, body condition, etc
(Behaviour) anomaly detection
Early detection of diseases
increase in animal welfare at lower costs
Device robustness, data protection,
technical complexity, farmer's acceptance



Al Engineering | A Paradigm shift



AI in Ag | Challenges and Restrictions



AI in Ag | Data accessibility



Data ownership

- Machine data,
- farm data,
- platform restrictions



Data acceptance

- Reluctance to share,
- fear for dependencies



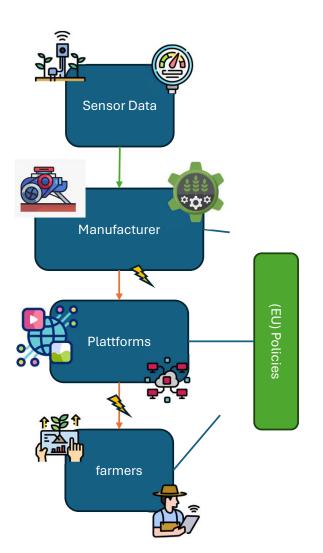
Data quality

- Rare annotated training data,
- biased data sets,
- context relative data sets



Data fragmentation

- Lack of standards,
- presence of dialects,
- interoperability



AI in Ag needs Rules and Trust

- Technical limits & organizational barriers
 - Variability
 - Data quality and availability
 - Privacy and interoperability
- Governance can unlock adoptions
 - standards, trust, legal clarity for all players
- EU vision
 - Value based framework
 - Balancing innovation vs safety & fairness

